MTSS-A Guide

Universal Screening Big Ideas

- Every student in Franklin Pierce Schools will participate in universal screening
- Universal screening is intended to:
 - o Identify students that may need additional instructional support
 - Measure growth over time

Reminders

- All staff participating in screening will be certified in FastBridge
- Teams will administer assessments following standardized directions available in FastBridge
- Teams will calibrate (with 95% or greater consistency) each season prior to screening

READING SCREENING MEASURES				
Fall	Winter	Spring		
	Pre-Kindergarten Administration Time: 10 minutes per student These are all Early Reading measures			
Concepts of Print	Concepts of Print	Concepts of Print		
Onset Sounds	Onset Sounds	Onset Sounds		
Letter Names	Letter Names	Letter Names		
Letter Sounds	Letter Sounds	Letter Sounds		
	Kindergarten			
	Administration Time: 10 minutes per student			
	These are all Early Reading measures			
Concepts of Print	OnsetSounds	Letter Sounds		
Onset Sounds	Letter Sounds	Word Segmenting		
Letter Names	Word Segmenting	Nonsense Words		
Letter Sounds	Nonsense Words	Sight Words (50)		
*CBM-Reading - A score must be entered f				
	Reading and CBM-Reading to all grade 1 students. Use the e a score. If students are not able to read the Sentence Re- ntered by hand.			
Word Segmenting	Word Segmenting	Word Segmenting		
Nonsense Words	Nonsense Words	Nonsense Words		
Sight Words (150)	Sight Words (150)	Sight Words (150)		
Sentence Reading	CBM-Reading*	CBM-Reading*		
CBM-Reading*		, and the second		
Grades 2-8 Administration Time: CBM-Reading, 5 minutes per student				
CBM-Reading (3 passages)	CBM-Reading (3 passages)	CBM-Reading (3 passages)		
Grades 9-12				
Targeted	Targeted	Targeted		

MATH SCREENING MEASURES					
Fall Winter Spring					
Pre-Kindergarten Administration Time: 6 minutes per student These are all Early Math measures					
Numeral Identification	Numeral Identification	Numeral Identification			
Match Quantity	Match Quantity	Match Quantity			
Number Sequence	Number Sequence	Number Sequence			
	Kindergarten Administration Time: 6 minutes per student These are all Early Math measures				
Numeral Identification	Numeral Identification	Numeral Identification			
Match Quantity	Number Sequence	Number Sequence			
Number Sequence	Decomposing	Decomposing			
	Grade 1 ime: 6 minutes per student (Early Math); 5 minutes per class Measures in Early Math include all but Automaticity				
Numeral Identification	Number Sequence	Decomposing			
Number Sequence	Decomposing	Place Value			
Decomposing	Place Value	Visual Story Problems			
Automaticity* (GOM)	Automaticity* (GOM)	Automaticity* (GOM)			
	Grades 2-3 Administration Time: 20 minutes per class. **Automaticity – Grades 2 and 3 ONLY				
CBM Math CAP	CBM Math CAP	CBM Math CAP			
Automaticity** (GOM)	Automaticity** (GOM)	Automaticity** (GOM)			
	Grades 4-5 Administration Time: 30 minutes per class (CBM Math CAP)				
CBM Math CAP	CBM Math CAP	CBM Math CAP			
Grades 6-8 Administration Time: 30 minutes per class (CBM Math CAP)					
CBM Math CAP	CBM Math CAP	CBM Math CAP			
	Grades 9-12				
Targeted	Targeted	Targeted			

DUAL LANGUAGE READING SCREENING MEASURES				
Fall	Winter	Spring		
	Kindergarten / SPANISH Administration Time: 10 minutes per student These are all early Reading measures			
Concepts of Print Onset Sounds Letter Sounds Syllable Reading Fluency	Onset Sounds Letter Sounds Syllable Reading Fluency Word Segmentation	Letter Sounds Syllable Reading Fluency Word Segmentation Sight Words		
	Kindergarten/ENGLISH Administration Time: 5 minutes per student			
Letter Names Letter Sounds	Letter Sounds Nonsense Words Grade 1 / SPANISH	Letter Sounds Nonsense Words Sight Words (50)		
	Administration Time: 12 minutes per student Measures in early Reading include all but Reading CBM*			
Word Segmenting Sight Words (150) Syllable Reading Fluency Sentence Reading CBM-Reading* Spanish	Syllable Reading Fluency Word Segmenting Sight Words (150) CBM-Reading*	Syllable Reading Fluency Word Segmenting Sight Words (150) CBM-Reading*		
, i	Grade 1 / ENGLISH Administration Time: 8 minutes per student	,		
Nonsense Words Sight Words (150) CBM-Reading*	Nonsense Words Sight Words (150) CBM-Reading*	Nonsense Words Sight Words (150) CBM-Reading*		
Grade 2 / SPANISH Administration Time: 5 minutes per student				
CBM-Reading	CBM-Reading	CBM-Reading		
	Grade 2 / ENGLISH Administration Time: 5 minutes per student			
CBM-Reading	CBM-Reading	CBM-Reading		

DUAL LANGUAGE MATH SCREENING MEASURES					
Fall Winter Spring					
	Kindergarten Administration Time: 6 minutes per student These are all Early Math measures				
Numeral Identification	Numeral Identification	Numeral Identification			
Match Quantity	Number Sequence	Number Sequence			
Number Sequence	Decomposing	Decomposing			
	Grade 1				
Admi	nistration Time: 6 minutes per student (Early Math); 5 m Measures in Early Math include all but Au				
Numeral Identification	Number Sequence	Decomposing			
Number Sequence	Decomposing	Place Value			
Decomposing	Place Value	Visual Story Problems			
Automaticity*	Automaticity*	Automaticity*			
•	Grade 2	•			
Administration Time: 20 minutes per class (CBM Math CAP); 5 minutes per class (Automaticity)					
CBM-Math CAP	CBM-Math CAP	CBM-Math CAP			
Automaticity Automaticity Automaticity					

Note: Math screening will be administered in student's home language. Student responses will be accepted in either language, or in a combination.

Use the Franklin Pierce MTSS Guidelines

Franklin Pierce MTSS Guidelines				
Exceeding Benchmark 76th percentile & above				
Benchmark	Tier 1	50 th – 75 th percentiles		
Approaching Benchmark	Tier 1.5	26 th - 49 th percentiles		
Strategic	Tier 2	11th - 25th percentiles		
Intensive	Tier 3	10 th percentile & below		

FastBridge Report / Norms			
Blue 85th percentile & above			
Green 31st – 85th percentiles			
Orange 21st – 30th percentiles			
Dark Orange	20th percentile & below		

FastBridge Report / Benchmark			
Low Risk 41st percentile & above			
Some Risk!	16 th – 40 th percentiles		
High Risk !! 15th percentile & below			

FastBridge National Norms (Taken from 2018-2019 National Norms based on percentiles determined by Franklin Pierce MTSS-A decision rules)

Early Reading: Kindergarten

	Performance Level	Fall	Winter	Spring
Kindergarten	Exceeding 76th + percentiles	39 - 44+	58 - 65+	75 - 88+
Early Reading	Benchmark 50th -75th percentiles	34 - 38	52 - 57	66 - 74
Composite	Approaching Benchmark 26th – 49th percentiles	31 - 33	47 - 51	60 - 65
Scaled Score	Strategic 11th-25th percentiles	28 - 30	40 - 46	54 - 59
	Intensive 0-10 th percentiles	0 - 27	0 - 39	0 - 53

	Performance Level	Fall	Winter	Spring
Kindergarten	Exceeding 76th + percentiles	11 - 12	12	
Concepts of Print	Benchmark 50th -75th percentiles	8 - 10	11	
	Approaching Benchmark 26th – 49th percentiles	6 - 7	10	
Included in fall screening & composite	Strategic 11th-25th percentiles	5	9	
	Intensive 0-10 th percentiles	3 - 4	7 - 8	

	Performance Level	Fall	Winter	Spring
Kindergarten	Exceeding 76th + percentiles	16	16	
Onset Sounds	Benchmark 50th -75th percentiles	13 - 15	16	
Included in fall & winter	Approaching Benchmark 26th – 49th percentiles	9 - 12	15	
screening & composite	Strategic 11th-25th percentiles	5 - 8	12 - 14	
	Intensive 0-10 th percentiles	0 - 4	0 - 11	

	Performance Level	Fall	Winter	Spring
Kindergarten	Exceeding 76th + percentiles	35 - 52+	56 - 67+	63 - 73+
Letter Names	Benchmark 50th -75th percentiles	20 - 34	44 - 55	53 - 62
Included in fall	Approaching Benchmark 26th – 49th percentiles	7 - 19	35 - 43	43 - 52
screening & composite	Strategic 11th-25th percentiles	2 - 6	26 - 34	34 - 42
	Intensive 0-10 th percentiles	0 - 1	0 - 25	0 - 33

	Performance Level	Fall	Winter	Spring
Kindergarten	Exceeding 76th + percentiles	15 - 30+	42 - 58+	56 - 72+
Letter Sounds	Benchmark 50th -75th percentiles	5 - 14	29 - 41	45 - 55
Included in	Approaching Benchmark 26th – 49th percentiles	2 - 4	21 - 28	34 - 44
fall, winter, & spring screening & composite	Strategic 11th-25th percentiles	1	10 - 20	23 - 33
	Intensive 0-10 th percentiles	0	0 - 9	0 - 22

	Performance Level	Fall	Winter	Spring
Kindergarten	Exceeding 76th + percentiles	19 - 26+	31 - 34+	34+
Word	Benchmark 50th -75th percentiles	7 - 18	27 - 30	30 - 33
Segmenting	Approaching Benchmark 26th – 49th percentiles	0 - 6	18 - 26	28 - 29
Included in winter & spring	Strategic 11th-25th percentiles	0	8 - 17	20 - 27
screening & composite	Intensive 0-10 th percentiles	0	0 - 7	0 - 19

	Performance Level	Fall	Winter	Spring
Kindergarten	Exceeding 76th + percentiles		14-20+	20-32
Nonsense Words	Benchmark 50th -75th percentiles		8-13	14-19
Included in winter & spring	Approaching Benchmark 26th – 49th percentiles		5-7	10-13
screening & composite	Strategic 11th-25th percentiles		2-4	5-9
	Intensive 0-10 th percentiles		0-1	0-4

	Performance Level	Fall	Winter	Spring
Kindergarten	Exceeding 76th + percentiles		27 - 53+	43 - 79+
Sight Words (50)	Benchmark 50th -75th percentiles		11 - 26	18 - 42
Included in spring	Approaching Benchmark 26th – 49th percentiles		7 - 10	8 - 17
screening & composite	Strategic 11th-25th percentiles		4 - 6	3 - 7
	Intensive 0-10th percentiles		0 - 3	0 - 2

Early Reading: Grade 1

	Performance Level	Fall	Winter	Spring
Grade 1	Exceeding 76th + percentiles	54 - 82+	78 - 106+	93 - 120+
Early Reading	Benchmark 50th -75th percentiles	37 - 53	58 - 77	72 - 92
	Approaching Benchmark 26th – 49th percentiles	29 - 36	44 - 57	55 - 71
Composite Scaled Score	Strategic 11th-25th percentiles	25 - 28	32 - 43	38 - 54
	Intensive 0-10th percentiles	0 - 24	0 - 31	0 - 37

	Performance Level	Fall	Winter	Spring
Grade 1	Exceeding 76th + percentiles	33 - 34	34	34
Word Segmenting	Benchmark 50th -75th percentiles	30 - 32	32 - 33	33
Included in fall, winter, spring	Approaching Benchmark 26th – 49th percentiles	27 - 29	30 - 31	31 - 32
screening & composite	Strategic 11th-25th percentiles	20 - 26	27 - 29	28 - 30
	Intensive 0-10th percentiles	0 - 19	0 - 26	0 -27

	Performance Level	Fall	Winter	Spring
Grade 1	Exceeding 76th + percentiles	19 - 38+	30 - 50+	38 - 57+
Nonsense Words	Benchmark 50th -75th percentiles	12 -18	19 - 29	25 - 37
Included in fall, winter, spring screening & composite	Approaching Benchmark 26th – 49th percentiles	8 - 11	14 - 18	18 - 24
	Strategic 11th-25th percentiles	4 - 7	10 - 13	12 - 17
	Intensive 0-10 th percentiles	0 - 3	0 - 9	0 - 11

	Performance Level	Fall	Winter	Spring
Grade 1	Exceeding 76th + percentiles	51 - 78+	74 - 99+	88 - 108+
Sight Words (150)	Benchmark 50th -75th percentiles	25 - 50	55 - 73	71 - 87
Included in fall, winter, & spring screening & composite	Approaching Benchmark 26th – 49th percentiles	9 - 24	35 - 54	54 - 70
	Strategic 11th-25th percentiles	4 - 8	13 - 34	31 - 53
	Intensive 0-10 th percentiles	0 - 3	0 - 12	0 - 30

	Performance Level	Fall	Winter	Spring
Grade 1	Exceeding 76th + percentiles	41 - 87		
Sentence Reading	Benchmark 50th -75th percentiles	15 - 40		
Included in fall	Approaching Benchmark 26th – 49th percentiles	9 - 14		
screening & composite	Strategic 11th-25th percentiles	4 - 8		
	Intensive 0-10 th percentiles	0 - 3		

Early Reading Spanish: Kindergarten

	Performance Level	Fall	Winter	Spring
Kindergarten	Exceeding 76th + percentiles	42 - 45+	54 - 58+	77 - 84+
Spanish	Benchmark 50th -75th percentiles	38 - 41	49 - 53	70 - 76
Early Reading	Approaching Benchmark 26th – 49th percentiles	36 - 37	47 - 48	66 - 69
Composite Scaled Score	Strategic 11th-25th percentiles	34 - 35	43 - 46	60 - 65
	Intensive 0-10 th percentiles	0 - 33	0 - 42	0 - 59

	Performance Level	Fall	Winter	Spring
Kindergarten	Exceeding 76th + percentiles	11 - 12		
Spanish	Benchmark 50th -75th percentiles	9 - 10		
Concepts of Print	Approaching Benchmark 26th – 49th percentiles	8		
	Strategic 11th-25th percentiles	5 - 7		
	Intensive 0-10 th percentiles	0 - 4		

	Performance Level	Fall	Winter	Spring
Kindergarten	Exceeding 76th + percentiles	15 - 16	16	16
Spanish	Benchmark 50th -75th percentiles	11 - 14	14 - 16	16
Onset Sounds	Approaching Benchmark 26th – 49th percentiles	9 - 10	12 - 13	15
	Strategic 11th-25th percentiles	5 - 8	9 - 11	14 - 15
	Intensive 0-10 th percentiles	0 - 4	0 - 8	0 - 13

	Performance Level	Fall	Winter	Spring
Kindergarten	Exceeding 76th + percentiles	16 - 24+	34 - 45+	46 - 58+
Spanish	Benchmark 50th -75th percentiles	11 - 15	25 - 33	35 - 45
Letter Sounds	Approaching Benchmark 26th – 49th percentiles	7 - 10	20 - 24	27 - 34
	Strategic 11th-25th percentiles	4 - 6	15 - 19	20 - 26
	Intensive 0-10 th percentiles	0 - 3	0 - 14	0 - 19

	Performance Level	Fall	Winter	Spring
Kindergarten	Exceeding 76th + percentiles	5 - 13+	23 - 33+	38 - 47+
Spanish	Benchmark 50th -75th percentiles	2 - 4	14 - 22	26 - 37
Syllable Reading Fluency	Approaching Benchmark 26th – 49th percentiles	1	8 - 13	18 - 25
	Strategic 11th-25th percentiles	0	3 - 7	11 - 17
	Intensive 0-10 th percentiles	0	0 - 2	0 - 10

	Performance Level	Fall	Winter	Spring
Kindergarten	Exceeding 76th + percentiles	15 - 26+	30 - 34+	35
Spanish	Benchmark 50th -75th percentiles	5 - 14	20 - 29	32 - 34
Word Segmenting	Approaching Benchmark 26th – 49th percentiles	3 - 4	11 - 19	27 - 31
	Strategic 11th-25th percentiles	2	6 - 10	19 - 26
	Intensive 0-10 th percentiles	0 - 1	0 - 5	0 - 18

	Performance Level	Fall	Winter	Spring
Kindergarten	Exceeding 76th + percentiles		18 - 35+	36 - 55+
Spanish	Benchmark 50th -75th percentiles		11 - 17	21 - 35
Sight Words (50)	Approaching Benchmark 26th – 49th percentiles		7 - 10	10 - 20
	Strategic 11th-25th percentiles		4 - 6	5 - 9
	Intensive 0-10th percentiles		0 - 3	0 - 4

Early Reading Spanish: 1st Grade

	Performance Level	Fall	Winter	Spring
	Exceeding 76th + percentiles	40 - 47+	47 - 53+	63 - 72+
Grade 1 Spanish	Benchmark 50th -75th percentiles	33 - 39	43 - 46	55 - 62
Early Reading	Approaching Benchmark 26th – 49th percentiles	29 - 32	39 - 42	48 - 54
Composite	Strategic 11th-25th percentiles	26 - 28	34 - 38	42 - 47
	Intensive 0-10th percentiles	0 - 25	0 - 33	0 - 41

	Performance Level	Fall	Winter	Spring
Grade 1	Exceeding 76th + percentiles	36 - 45+	60 - 75+	78 - 93+
Spanish	Benchmark 50th -75th percentiles	24 - 35	45 - 59	63 - 77
Syllable Reading Fluency	Approaching Benchmark 26th – 49th percentiles	15 - 23	36 - 44	52 - 62
	Strategic 11th-25th percentiles	10 - 14	24 - 35	43 - 51
	Intensive 0-10 th percentiles	0 - 9	0 - 23	0 - 42

	Performance Level	Fall	Winter	Spring
Grade 1	Exceeding 76th + percentiles	35	35	35
Spanish	Benchmark 50th -75th percentiles	31 - 34	30 - 34	34
Word Segmentation	Approaching Benchmark 26th – 49th percentiles	27 - 30	24 - 29	31 - 33
	Strategic 11th-25th percentiles	23 - 26	17 - 23	29 - 30
	Intensive 0-10 th percentiles	0 - 22	0 - 16	0 - 28

	Performance Level	Fall	Winter	Spring
Grade 1	Exceeding 76th + percentiles	35 - 55+	64 - 81+	83 - 99+
Spanish	Benchmark 50th -75th percentiles	18 - 34	49 - 63	67 - 82
Sight Words	Approaching Benchmark 26th – 49th percentiles	9 - 17	28 - 48	59 - 66
	Strategic 11th-25th percentiles	5 - 8	13 - 27	47 - 58
	Intensive 0-10th percentiles	0 - 4	0 - 12	0 - 46

CBM-Reading - Spanish: Grades 1-2

	Performance Level	Fall	Winter	Spring
Grade 1	Exceeding 76th + percentiles		68 - 87+	92 - 116+
CBM-Reading	Benchmark 50th -75th percentiles		47 - 67	75 - 91
Spanish	Approaching Benchmark 26th – 49th percentiles		27 - 46	63 - 74
Norms not available for fall. (National, updated)	Strategic 11th-25th percentiles		13 - 26	45 - 62
	Intensive 0-10 th percentiles		0 - 12	0 - 44

	Performance Level	Fall	Winter	Spring
Grade 2	Exceeding 76th + percentiles	73 - 93+	97 - 119+	110 - 129+
CBM-Reading	Benchmark 50th -75th percentiles	57 - 72	80 - 96	91 - 109
Spanish	Approaching Benchmark 26th – 49th percentiles	42 - 56	63 - 79	77 - 90
(National, updated)	Strategic 11th-25th percentiles	31 - 41	49 - 62	66 - 76
	Intensive 0-10 th percentiles	0 - 30	0 - 48	0 - 65

CBM-Reading: Grades 1-5

	Performance Level	Fall	Winter	Spring
Grade 1	Exceeding 76th + percentiles	54+	82+	105+
CBM-Reading	Benchmark 50th -75th percentiles	20 - 53	48 - 81	76 - 104
	Approaching Benchmark 26th – 49th percentiles	10 - 19	25 - 47	46 - 75
	Strategic 11th-25th percentiles	5 - 9	13 - 24	23 - 45
	Intensive 0-10 th percentiles	0 - 4	0 - 12	0 - 22

	Performance Level	Fall	Winter	Spring
Grade 2	Exceeding 76th + percentiles	95+	122+	137+
CBM-Reading	Benchmark 50th -75th percentiles	66 - 94	93 - 121	112 - 136
	Approaching Benchmark 26th – 49th percentiles	37 - 65	67 - 92	84 - 111
	Strategic 11th-25th percentiles	16 - 36	34 - 66	54 - 83
	Intensive 0-10th percentiles	0 - 15	0 - 33	0 - 53

	Performance Level	Fall	Winter	Spring
Grade 3	Exceeding 76th + percentiles	125+	144+	158+
CBM-Reading	Benchmark 50th -75th percentiles	97 - 124	120 - 143	134 - 157
	Approaching Benchmark 26th – 49th percentiles	69 - 96	94 - 119	107 - 133
	Strategic 11th-25th percentiles	38 - 68	60 - 93	76 - 106
	Intensive 0-10 th percentiles	0 - 37	0 - 59	0 - 75

	Performance Level	Fall	Winter	Spring
Grade 4	Exceeding 76th + percentiles	152+	167+	181+
CBM-Reading	Benchmark 50th -75th percentiles	125 - 151	142 - 166	156 - 180
	Approaching Benchmark 26th – 49th percentiles	99 - 124	117 - 141	131 - 155
	Strategic 11th-25th percentiles	74 - 98	91 - 116	103 - 130
	Intensive 0-10 th percentiles	0 - 73	0 - 90	0 - 102

	Performance Level	Fall	Winter	Spring
Grade 5	Exceeding 76th + percentiles	169+	186+	199+
CBM-Reading	Benchmark 50th -75th percentiles	142 - 168	158 - 185	172 - 198
	Approaching Benchmark 26th – 49th percentiles	116 - 141	131 - 157	145 - 171
	Strategic 11th-25th percentiles	90 -115	105 -130	116 - 144
	Intensive 0-10 th percentiles	0 - 89	0 - 104	0 -115

Early Math: Grade K

	Performance Level	Fall	Winter	Spring
Kindergarten	Exceeding 76th + percentiles	43 - 58+	68 - 83+	82 - 92+
Early Math	Benchmark 50th -75th percentiles	33 - 42	54 - 67	70 - 81
Composite	Approaching Benchmark 26th – 49th percentiles	25 - 32	43 - 53	57 - 69
Scaled Score	Strategic 11th-25th percentiles	15 - 24	32 - 42	45 - 56
	Intensive 0-10th percentiles	0 - 14	0 - 31	0 - 44

	Performance Level	Fall	Winter	Spring
Kindergarten	Exceeding 76th + percentiles	22 - 35+	36 - 52+	48 - 61+
Number	Benchmark 50th -75th percentiles	13 - 21	25 - 35	36 - 47
Identification	Approaching Benchmark 26th – 49th percentiles	9 - 12	18 - 24	27 - 35
Included in fall, winter, & spring screening & composite	Strategic 11th-25th percentiles	4 - 8	13 - 17	19 - 26
	Intensive 0-10th percentiles	0 - 3	0 - 12	0 - 18

	Performance Level	Fall	Winter	Spring
Kin do un outou	Exceeding	11 - 14+	14 - 16+	17 - 19+
Kindergarten	76 th + percentiles		40.40	10 10
Match Quantity	Benchmark 50th -75th percentiles	8 - 10	12 - 13	13 - 16
Included in fall	Approaching Benchmark 26th – 49th percentiles	7	10 - 11	11 - 12
screening & composite	Strategic 11th-25th percentiles	4 - 6	9	10 - 11
	Intensive 0-10 th percentiles	0 - 3	0 - 8	0 - 9

	Performance Level	Fall	Winter	Spring
Kindergarten	Exceeding 76th + percentiles	8 - 11+	11 - 13+	13
Number Sequence	Benchmark 50th -75th percentiles	5 - 7	8 - 10	10 - 12
Included in fall, winter, & spring	Approaching Benchmark 26th – 49th percentiles	3 - 4	7	9
screening & composite	Strategic 11th-25th percentiles	1 - 2	5 - 6	7 - 8
	Intensive 0-10 th percentiles	0	0 - 4	0 - 6

	Performance Level	Fall	Winter	Spring
Kindergarten	Exceeding 76th + percentiles	6 - 7+	8+	8+
Decomposing	Benchmark 50th -75th percentiles	5	5 - 7	7
to about a d for	Approaching Benchmark 26th – 49th percentiles	4	4	6
Included in winter & spring screening & composite	Strategic 11th-25th percentiles	3	2 - 3	4 - 5
	Intensive 0-10 th percentiles	0 - 2	0 - 1	0 -3

Early Math: Grade 1

	Performance Level	Fall	Winter	Spring
Grade 1	Exceeding 76th + percentiles	62 - 94+	73 - 91+	78 - 92+
Early Math	Benchmark 50th -75th percentiles	38 - 61	57 - 72	65 - 77
Composite	Approaching Benchmark 26th – 49th percentiles	16 - 37	40 - 56	52 - 64
Scaled Score	Strategic 11th-25th percentiles	1 - 15	24 - 39	34 - 51
	Intensive 0-10th percentiles	0	0 - 23	0 - 33

	Performance Level	Fall	Winter	Spring
Grade 1	Exceeding 76th + percentiles	36 - 45+	48 - 55+	50 - 56+
Number	Benchmark 50th -75th percentiles	29 - 35	40 - 47	44 - 49
Identification Included in fall screening & composite	Approaching Benchmark 26th – 49th percentiles	22 - 28	36 - 39	40 - 43
	Strategic 11th-25th percentiles	15 - 21	32 - 35	36 - 39
	Intensive 0-10 th percentiles	0 - 14	0 - 31	0 - 35

	Performance Level	Fall	Winter	Spring
Grade 1	Exceeding 76th + percentiles	10 -13+	13 - 14+	13 - 14+
Number Sequence	Benchmark 50th -75th percentiles	6 - 9	10 - 12	12
Included in fall & winter screening & composite	Approaching Benchmark 26th – 49th percentiles	4 - 5	7 - 9	10 - 11
coroning a composite	Strategic 11th-25th percentiles	3	5 - 6	8 - 9
	Intensive 0-10 th percentiles	0 - 2	0 - 4	0 - 7

	Performance Level	Fall	Winter	Spring
Grade 1	Exceeding 76th + percentiles	8 - 10+	11 - 15+	13 - 17+
Decomposing	Benchmark 50th -75th percentiles	4 - 7	8 - 10	9 -12
Included in fall, winter, & spring	Approaching Benchmark 26th – 49th percentiles	3	6 - 7	8
screening & composite	Strategic 11th-25th percentiles	1 - 2	3 - 5	5 - 7
	Intensive 0-10th percentiles	0	0 - 2	0 - 4

	Performance Level	Fall	Winter	Spring
Grade 1	Exceeding 76th + percentiles		5	6
Place Value	Benchmark 50th -75th percentiles		3 - 4	5
Included in winter & spring screening & composite	Approaching Benchmark 26th – 49th percentiles		2	4
	Strategic 11th-25th percentiles			3
	Intensive 0-10 th percentiles		0 - 1	0 - 2

	Performance Level	Fall	Winter	Spring
Crede 4	Exceeding		6	6
Grade 1	76 th + percentiles			_
Story Problems	Benchmark 50th -75th percentiles		5	5
Included in spring	Approaching Benchmark 26th – 49th percentiles		4	4
screening & composite	Strategic 11th-25th percentiles		3	3
	Intensive 0-10 th percentiles		0 - 3	0 - 2

CBM-Math Automaticity: Grades 1-3

	Performance Level	Fall	Winter	Spring
Grade 1	Exceeding 76th + percentiles	24+	53+	66+
CBM-Math	Benchmark 50th -75th percentiles	13 - 23	35 - 52	45 - 65
Automaticity	Approaching Benchmark 26th – 49th percentiles	6 - 12	21 - 34	29 - 44
	Strategic 11th-25th percentiles	1 - 5	11 - 20	16 - 28
	Intensive 0-10 th percentiles	0	0 - 10	0 -15

	Performance Level	Fall	Winter	Spring
Grade 2	Exceeding 76th + percentiles	29+	46+	59+
CBM-Math	Benchmark 50th -75th percentiles	15 - 28	30 - 45	38 - 58
Automaticity	Approaching Benchmark 26th – 49th percentiles	9 - 14	19 - 29	24 - 37
	Strategic 11th-25th percentiles	4 - 8	9 - 18	13 - 23
	Intensive 0-10th percentiles	0 - 3	0 - 8	0 -12

	Performance Level	Fall	Winter	Spring
Grade 3	Exceeding 76th + percentiles	21+	44+	51+
CBM-Math	Benchmark 50th -75th percentiles	10 - 20	28 - 43	33 - 50
Automaticity	Approaching Benchmark 26th – 49th percentiles	6 - 9	19 - 27	21 - 32
	Strategic 11th-25th percentiles	4 - 5	9 -18	11 - 20
	Intensive 0-10 th percentiles	0 - 3	0 - 8	0 - 10

CBM-Math CAP: Grades 2-5

	Performance Level	Fall	Winter	Spring
Grade 2	Exceeding 76th + percentiles	7.1+	9.1+	11.1+
CBM-Math	Benchmark 50th -75th percentiles	6.0 - 7.0	8.0 - 9.0	9.0 - 11.0
CAP	Approaching Benchmark 26th – 49th percentiles	4.1 - 5.9	6.1 - 7.9	7.1 - 8.9
	Strategic 11th-25th percentiles	3.1 - 4.0	5.1 - 6.0	5.1 - 7.0
	Intensive 0-10th percentiles	0 - 3.0	0 - 5.0	0 - 5.0

	Performance Level	Fall	Winter	Spring
Grade 3	Exceeding 76th + percentiles	7.1+	9.1+	11.1+
CBM-Math	Benchmark 50th -75th percentiles	5.0 - 7.0	7.0 - 9.0	9.0 - 11.0
CAP	Approaching Benchmark 26th – 49th percentiles	4.1 - 4.9	5.1 - 6.9	7.1 - 8.9
	Strategic 11th-25th percentiles	3.1 - 4.0	4.1 - 5.0	5.1 - 7.0
	Intensive 0-10 th percentiles	0 - 3.0	0 - 4.0	0 - 5.0

	Performance Level	Fall	Winter	Spring
Grade 4	Exceeding 76th + percentiles	5.1+	6.1+	8.1+
CBM-Math	Benchmark 50th -75th percentiles	3.0 - 5.0	4.0 - 6.0	6.0 - 8.0
CAP	Approaching Benchmark 26th – 49th percentiles	2.1 - 2.9	3.1 - 3.9	4.1 - 5.9
	Strategic 11th-25th percentiles	1.1 - 2.0	2.1 - 3.0	2.1 - 4.0
	Intensive 0-10 th percentiles	0 - 1.0	0 - 2.0	0 - 2.0

	Performance Level	Fall	Winter	Spring
Grade 5	Exceeding 76th + percentiles	5.1+	6.1+	7.1+
CBM-Math	Benchmark 50th -75th percentiles	4.0 - 5.0	4.0 - 6.0	5.0 - 7.0
CAP	Approaching Benchmark 26th – 49th percentiles	3.1 - 3.9	3.1 - 3.9	4.1 - 4.9
	Strategic 11th-25th percentiles	2.1 - 3.0	2.1 - 3.0	3.1 - 4.0
	Intensive 0-10 th percentiles	0 - 2.0	0 - 2.0	0 - 3.0

Intervention Big Ideas

- The goal of Franklin Pierce's MTSS is for students to return to and participate in core instruction. Collaboration among staff, programs, and differentiation strategies will improve students' transitions from intervention programs into core.
- The goal of interventions is to teach students the skills needed to participate and progress in core instruction.
- Interventions will match student needs.
- Intensity and pacing will increase based on performance discrepancy.

Reminders

- Use multiple data sources when making intervention placement decisions
- Data sources to consider:
 - Universal screening scores
 - Accuracy
 - Error analysis
 - Survey Level Assessments
 - Diagnostic assessments
 - Program placement test
 - Progress monitoring
 - Historical screening and progress monitoring data
 - Historical intervention and core in-program data
 - o SBA score
 - Teacher input
- If fewer than 80% of all students meet or exceed benchmark (Tier 1, 50th percentile or higher), the team should consider utilizing evidence-based strategies to support core instruction rather than meeting students' needs primarily through intervention support.
- Reading grades 2 and up: If additional information is needed for particular students following CBM-Reading universal screening, teams may consider administering targeted assessments, such as diagnostic assessments and error analysis.
 Resources may include: Wonders Diagnostic Assessments; CBM-Reading progress monitoring; CBM-Reading Comprehension progress monitoring.
- Math grades 4 and up: If teams decide that additional information is needed following CBM-Math CAP universal screening, teams may also consider administering targeted assessments (Tiers 2 and 3), such as diagnostic assessments (i3 diagnostic assessments) and/or error analysis.

ELA	Tier 1	Tier 2	Tier 3
Interventions	ALL STUDENTS	STRATEGIC	INTENSIVE
interventions	With Tier 1 interventions as	Tier 2 interventions	Tier 3 interventions
	needed.		
Data	Benchmark, in-program	Benchmark, in-program assessments,	Benchmark, in-program assessments,
	assessments,	progress monitoring, and lesson gains	progress monitoring, and lesson gains
Delivery	Wonders +	In addition to Tier 1 / Benchmark column:	Emphasis on Teacher-Directed Instruction
	Differentiation using Wonders		
	and evidence-based	30 - 45 minutes small group intervention	60 - 90 minutes of small group, alternate
	instructional strategies	using evidence-based instructional	core instruction, matched to needs
		programs and strategies	Grades K & 1 minimum of 60 minutes
			Grades 2-5 minimum of 90 minutes
			Stades 2 5 minimum of 65 minutes
Materials	Wonders	Evidence-Based Intervention Program	Evidence-Based Intervention Program
		Six Minute Solutions: Grades K-5	Reading Mastery: Grades K-5
		Sound, sight word, and passage	Phonemic awareness, phonics,
		fluency	decoding, fluency, vocabulary and
		> 24 Lessons per Level;	comprehension.
		➢ 6-10 minutes per lesson	> 160 Lessons (K)
		• REWARDS: Grades 4-5	> 145 Lessons (1+) > 30-90 minutes per lesson,
		Review of vowel sounds and	depending on text-level
		fluency of multisyllabic words	depending on text-level
		➤ 25 lessons	Corrective Reading: Grades 3-5
		45 minutes per lesson	Phonics and sight words –
			improves accuracy, fluency and
		• Read Naturally: Grades 1-5	decoding skills
		Review and practice of sounds,	65 lessons per level
		fluency, comprehension	45-minutes per lesson
		20 lessons per level45 minutes per lesson	·
		43 minutes per lesson	
		• Phonics for Reading,	
		30-45 minutes per lesson	
		First Level: short vowels,	
		double consonants, consonant	
		blends, consonant digraphs	
		~ 30 lessons	
		Second Level: long vowels, vowel combinations, CVCe	
		words, word endings, r-	
		controlled vowel sounds	
		~ 32 lessons	
		➤ Third Level: letter/vowel	
		combinations, prefixes and	
		suffixes, minor sounds of c and	
		g, minor sounds of vowel	
		combinations	
		~ 36 lessons	
		• PALS	
Instruction	Classroom Teacher	Classroom Teacher	Reading Specialist
Provided by:		Reading Specialist	LAP Staff
		LAP Staff	SPED Staff
		• ELL	

Duration of Intervention	Adjust intervention if needed, based on: 4+ data points on progress monitoring graph and in-program data (mastery tests and lesson gains).				
Small Group Size Guidelines	Differentiation Group Size: Ideal – 7 students	Intervention Group Size: Ideal – 6 students	Alternate Core Group Size: Ideal – 4 students		
Benchmark/ Screening	FastBridge Assessments 3 times a year	FastBridge Assessments 3 times a year	FastBridge Assessments 3 times a year		
Assessments Resource	Core Assessments (Wonders)	 Core Assessments (Wonders) FastBridge Error analysis of progress monitoring In-program assessments 	 FastBridge Error analysis of progress monitoring In-program assessments and lesson gains charts 		
Progress Monitoring	 Follow Pacing Goals Unit Assessments – extra differentiation for those in need 	FastBridge Bi-weekly at instructional level	FastBridge Weekly at instructional level		

For a complete list of district approved curricula please see the Franklin Pierce Instructional Materials Matrix http://fpschools.org/common/pages/DisplayFile.aspx?itemId=28117547

MATH	Tier 1	Tier 2	Tier 3
Interventions	ALL STUDENTS With Tier 1 interventions as needed.	STRATEGIC Tier 2 interventions	INTENSIVE Tier 3 interventions
Data	Benchmark, in-program assessments,	Benchmark, in-program assessments, progress monitoring, and lesson gains	Benchmark, in-program assessments, progress monitoring, and lesson gains
Delivery	Math Expressions Differentiation using Math Expressions and evidence- based instructional strategies	In addition to Tier 1 / Benchmark column: 20 - 45 minutes small group intervention using evidence-based instructional programs and strategies	Emphasis on teacher-directed instruction Alternate Core – 60 minutes of small group instruction
Materials	Math Expressions – core	Evidence-based intervention program Early Numeracy Intervention (ENI):	Evidence-based intervention program Connecting Math Concepts
		Grades K – 2 Ordering and comparing numbers, understanding place value, using strategies to solve story problems 138 lessons; 20 minutes per lesson	 Facts, procedures, conceptual understanding, applications, and problem-solving skills CMC-A: Kindergarten level,
		Corrective Math 7 areas: addition, subtraction, multiplication, division, fractions, decimals, percent, ratios, and equations 64 lessons; 45 minutes per lesson Fraction Face-Off: Grades 4 - 5 Understanding numerator and denominator, ordering and comparing fractions, placing	30 – 45 minutes per lesson CMC-B: Grade 1 level, 30 – 45 minutes per lesson CMC-C: Grade 2 CMC-D: Grade 3 CMC-E: Grade 4 CMC-F: Grade 4, 60 minutes per lesson Touch Math
Instruction Provided by:	Classroom Teacher	fractions on a number line 36 lessons; 45 minutes per lesson Classroom Teacher Math Specialist	Math Specialist LAP Staff
		LAP Staff ELL	SPED Staff
Duration of Intervention	and lesson gains).	ed on: 4+ data points on progress monitoring	graph and in-program data (mastery tests
Small Group Size Guidelines Benchmark/	Differentiation Group Size: Ideal – 7 students	Intervention Group Size: Ideal – 6 students FastBridge Assessments	Alternate Core Group Size: Ideal – 4 students FastBridge Assessments
Screening Assessments	FastBridge Assessments 3 times per year Core Assessments	3 times per year Core Assessments	3 times per year
Resource	(Math Expressions)	 FastBridge Error analysis of progress monitoring In-program assessments 	 Error analysis of progress monitoring In-program assessments
Progress Monitoring	Follow pacing goals Unit assessments – extra differentiation for those in need	FastBridge Minimum every two weeks at instructional level	FastBridge Weekly at instructional level
	f district approved curricula please s rg/common/pages/DisplayFile.as	ee the Franklin Pierce Instructional Materials px?itemId=28117547	Matrix

Progress Monitoring Big Ideas

- The purpose is to monitor how much progress a student makes in response to an intervention.
- General Outcome Measures (GOMs) are to be used for progress monitoring.
- Intervention level, intensity, and pace will be considered when choosing a progress monitoring measure and goal.

Reminders

- Refer to Progress Monitoring Progression (pp. 31-32) for recommended measures at each grade level.
- Refer to Goal Setting Guide (p. 35) for recommended goals.
- Student graphs should be "checked" at least monthly.
- Staff administering progress monitoring will be certified in FastBridge and consistently follow standardized administration procedures.
- Progress monitoring itself is not instruction nor an intervention.
- Progress monitoring must be administered via computer or scores may be hand-entered in FastBridge within the week. The system does not allow for backdating of student data.
- "Whole class" progress monitoring is NOT recommended for grades 1 and up.

Progress Monitoring Guidelines, except for Kindergarten, September - December

Tier	Progress Monitoring Recommendation
Exceeding Benchmark 75th percentile and above	No progress monitoring
Benchmark - Tier 1 50 th – 75 th percentile	No progress monitoring
Approaching Benchmark - Tier 1.5 26 th – 49 th percentile	Optional monthly progress monitoring only if supported by other data points (i.e. in-program assessments, accuracy, transitioning from core-replacement to core)
Strategic - Tier 2 11th – 25th percentile	Bi-weekly progress monitoring
Intensive - Tier 3 10 th percentile and below	Weekly progress monitoring *Administer Survey Level Assessment (SLA) and/or error analysis AND consider intervention to ensure appropriate measure and level.

Kindergarten Screening and Progress Monitoring

Timeframe	Screening	Progress Monitoring
August/September	Fall universal screening (FastBridge)	
October – December		 Letter Sound Fluency Number Identification ALL kindergarten students Monthly
January	Winter universal screening (FastBridge)	
January – June		 Continue individual progress monitoring as needed for Letter Sounds and/or Number Identification. Begin monthly progress monitoring for ALL students using Nonsense Words and Decomposing Align with Progress Monitoring Measure Progression. See below.

Progress Monitoring Measure Progression

Reading/English: Letter sound fluency → Nonsense word fluency → CBM-Reading			
Measure	Recommended for		
Early Reading Letter Sounds Nonsense Word	Students in any grade with a baseline score below the 10 th percentile on Level 1 (Grade 1)		
CBM-Reading	Students in grades 1 - 8, except those with a baseline score below the 10 th percentile on Level 1 (Grade 1)		
*Other measures are available and may be used as needed determined by student and intervention data.			

Reading/Spanish: Letter sound fluency → Syllable Reading Fluency → CBM-Reading
Recommended for:
Students grades 1-8, except those with a baseline score below 10th percentile on Level 1 (Grade 1)
Students in any grade with a baseline score below 10th percentile on Level 1 (Grade 1)
*Other measures are available and may be used as needed determined by student and intervention data.

Math:			
Number ID → Decomposing → Automaticity → CBM Math CAP			
Measure	Recommended for:		
CBM Math CAP	Students grades 2-8, with baseline scores above the 25th percentile		
CBM Math	Students grades 1-8 with baseline scores below the 25th percentile		
Automaticity	*Only GOMs, not SSMs, are to be used for progress monitoring		
Early Math	Students in any grade with a baseline score below 10th percentile on		
 Number 	Level 1 (Grade Level 1) CBM Math Automaticity		
Identification			
 Decomposing 			
*Other measures are av	vailable and may be used as needed determined by student and intervention data.		

Information to consider when selecting a progress monitoring measure and level:

- Student screening score and accuracy
- Progress Monitoring Guidelines (p. 30)
- Progress Monitoring Progression (pp. 31 32)
- Survey Level Assessment results, if applicable. Use professional judgement if scores are similar between levels.
- Intervention/Instruction-skills being taught, intensity, and pace of the intervention
- Historical information-screening, progress monitoring, and intervention data.

Survey Level Assessment Directions - (Recommended for CBM-Reading only)

To be used for students who scored below the 10th percentile on grade-level CBM-Reading universal screening

- 1. Student screening score is at or below 10th percentile.
- 2. Drop down to the grade level below. Administer assessment per standardized directions. If CBM-Reading, make sure to administer 3 probes and find the median (middle score).
- 3. If score is between the 25th and 75th percentiles this is likely the appropriate level. If score is below the 25th percentile, drop down another level and repeat.

Progress Monitoring Instructional Weeks Calendar 2019-20

Sept 1	Sept 8	Sept 15	Sept 22
Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4
Sept 29	Oct 6	Oct 13	Oct 20
Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8
Oct 27	Nov 3	Nov 10	Nov 17
Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12
	Dec 1	Dec 8	Dec 15
	Week 13	Week 14	Week 15
Jan 5	Jan 12	Jan 19	Jan 26
Week 16	Week 17	Week 18	Week 19
Feb 2	Feb 9	Feb 16	Feb 23
Week 20	Week 21	Week 22	Week 23
Mar 1	Mar 8	Mar 15	Mar 22
Week 24	Week 25	Week 26	Week 27
Mar 29		Apr 12	Apr 19
Week 28		Week 29	Week 30
Apr 26	May 3	May 10	May 17
Week 31	Week 32	Week 33	Week 34
May 24	May 31		
Week 35	Week 36		

Goal Setting Big Ideas

- Goals should be set ambitious enough to close the gap, but realistic based on available data (i.e. norms, ROI, intervention, pace).
- Generally, the more intensive the intervention, the more ambitious the goal.

Reminders

- Use Goal Setting Guides (pp. 35 38) for initial goal setting
- Information to be considered when setting goals includes:
 - Goal Setting Guides
 - ROI (rate of improvement)
 - o Student's performance compared to peers
 - o Intensity of intervention, pacing, and instructional level.
- When a student meets a goal, end it and then create a new goal on a new progress monitoring record.
- Do not use FAST Goal (recommended) setting to set goals. Instead, select "Standard Goal."

	Performance Level	Fall Score	Mid-Year Goal	End of year Goa
	Approaching Benchmark	139 - 164	190	205
CBM-Reading Level 8	26th – 49th percentiles	100 .01	100	
	Strategic	112 - 138	155	170
	11th - 25th percentiles			
	Intensive	0 - 111	Consider accuracy, SLA, historical information and intervention details before progress monitoring at t	
	0 - 10 th percentiles		level.	progress monitoring at t
	Performance Level	Fall Score	Mid-Year Goal	End of year Goa
CBM-Reading Level7	Approaching Benchmark 26th – 49th percentiles	148 - 176	185	200
	Strategic 11th - 25th percentiles	124 - 147	165	180
	Intensive 0 - 10 th percentiles	0 - 123	Consider accuracy, SLA, historical information and intervention details before progress monitoring at t level.	
	Performance Level	Fall Score	Mid-Year Goal	End of year Goa
CBM-Reading Level 6	Approaching Benchmark 26th – 49th percentiles	126 - 154	168	195
	Strategic 11th - 25th percentiles	97 - 125	150	165
	Intensive 0 - 10 th percentiles	0 - 96	Consider accuracy, SLA, historical information and intervention details before progress monitoring at the level.	
	Performance Level	Fall Score	Mid-Year Goal	End of year Goa
CBM-Reading Level 5	Approaching Benchmark 26th – 49th percentiles	116 - 141	150	172
	Strategic 11th - 25th percentiles	90 - 115	135	165
	Intensive 0 - 10 th percentiles	0 - 89	Consider accuracy, SLA, historical information and intervention details before progress monitoring at th level.	
	Performance Level	Fall Score	Mid-Year Goal	End of year Goa
CBM-Reading	Approaching Benchmark 26th – 49th percentiles	99 - 124	142	156
Level4	Strategic 11th - 25th percentiles	74 - 98	117	150
	Intensive 0 - 10 th percentiles	0 - 73	Consider accuracy, SLA, historical information and intervention details before progress monitoring at the level.	
	Performance Level	Fall Score	Mid-Year Goal	End of year Goa
CBM-Reading	Approaching Benchmark 26th – 49th percentiles	69 - 96	120	150
Level3	Strategic 11th - 25th percentiles	38 - 68	94	122
	Intensive 0 - 10 th percentiles	0 - 37	Consider accuracy, SLA, historical information and intervention details before progress monitoring at th level.	

	Performance Level	Fall Score	Mid-Year Goal	End of year Goal
CBM- Reading Level 2	Approaching Benchmark 26th – 49th percentiles	37 - 65	93	112
	Strategic 11th - 25th percentiles	16 - 36	67	88 - 110
	Intensive 0 - 10 th percentiles	0 - 15	Consider accuracy, SLA, I intervention details before level.	nistorical information and progress monitoring at this
	Performance Level	Fall Score	Mid-Year Goal	End of year Goal
CBM- Reading	Approaching Benchmark 26th – 49th percentiles	10 - 19	48	100
Level1	Strategic 11th - 25th percentiles	5 - 9	34	70
	Intensive 0 - 10 th percentiles	0 - 4	Consider accuracy, SLA, historical information and intervention details before progress monitoring at thi level.	
Teams may elect to set a goal based off ROI ROI ROI x # of weeks + baseline score = Goal				

Early Reading Progress Monitoring Guide

For students with baseline scores at or below the 10th percentile on Level 1 (Grade 1) CBM-Reading:

1) Select Measure: teams should use initial benchmark scores, knowledge of intervention, and professional judgement to select which measure within the recommended sequence will be most appropriate for that student.

Letter Sound Fluency → Nonsense Word Fluency → CBM-Reading

2) Set a goal: short term goals (6-10 weeks) with an ambitious ROI (1.5 wcpm/week or higher) is recommended.

*Other measures are available and may be used as needed determined by student and intervention data.

CBM-Math CAP Goal Setting Guide

CBM-Math CAP Goals for students Grades 6-8, use the following formula:

ROI x # of weeks + baseline score = Goal

Consider selected intervention.

Set an 8 to 12-week goal with an ROI of 0.2 or greater. Note that CBM-Math CAP has a slower ROI than other measures.

	Performance Level	Fall Score	Mid-Year Goal	End of year Goal
CBM-Math CAP	Approaching Benchmark 26th – 49th percentiles	3.1 - 3.9 (4 is the 50 th percentile)	5.0	6.0
Level 5	Strategic 11th - 25th percentiles	2.1 - 3.0	3.2	4.5
	Intensive 0 - 10 th percentiles	0 - 2.0		istorical information and efore progress monitoring
	Performance Level	Fall Score	Mid-Year Goal	End of year Goal
CBM-Math CAP	Approaching Benchmark 26th – 49th percentiles	2.1 - 2.9	5.0	7.0
Level4	Strategic 11th - 25th percentiles	1.1 - 2.0	3.5	5.0
	Intensive 0 - 10 th percentiles	0 - 1.0		istorical information and efore progress monitoring
	Performance Level	Fall Score	Mid-Year Goal	End of year Goal
CBM-Math CAP	Approaching Benchmark 26th – 49th percentiles	4.1 - 4.9	7.0	10.0
Level3	Strategic 11th - 25th percentiles	3.1 - 4.0	5.1	8.0
	Intensive 0 - 10 th percentiles	0 - 3.0		istorical information and efore progress monitoring
	Performance Level	Fall Score	Mid-Year Goal	End of year Goal
CBM-Math CAP	Approaching Benchmark 26th – 49th percentiles	4.1 - 5.9	8.0	10.0
Level2	Strategic 11th - 25th percentiles	3.1 - 4.0	6.1	8.0
	Intensive 0 - 10 th percentiles	0 - 3.0		istorical information and efore progress monitoring
Teams may elect to s	et a goal based off ROI	ROI	x # of weeks + base	eline score = Goal

CBM-Math Automaticity Goal Setting Guide

CBM-Math Automaticity Goals for students Grades 4-8, use the following formula:

ROI x # of weeks + baseline score = Goal

Consider selected intervention.

Set a short-term goal (4-8 weeks) with an ROI of 0.6 or greater.

	Performance Level	Fall Score	Mid-Year Goal	End of year Goal		
CBM-Math	Approaching Benchmark 26th – 49th percentiles	6 - 9	28	42		
Automaticity Level 3	Strategic 11th - 25th percentiles	4 - 5	20	27		
	Intensive 0 - 10 th percentiles	0 - 3		istorical information and efore progress monitoring		
	Performance Level	Fall Score	Mid-Year Goal	End of year Goal		
CBM-Math	Approaching Benchmark 26th – 49th percentiles	9 - 14	30	48		
Automaticity Level 2	Strategic 11th - 25th percentiles	4 - 8	20	30		
	Intensive 0 - 10 th percentiles	0 - 3	Consider accuracy, historical information a intervention details before progress monit at this level.			
	Performance Level	Fall Score	Mid-Year Goal	End of year Goal		
CBM-Math	Approaching Benchmark 26th – 49th percentiles	6 - 12	35	55		
Automaticity Level 1	Strategic 11th - 25th percentiles	1 - 5	21	35		
	Intensive 0 - 10 th percentiles	0		istorical information and efore progress monitoring		

^{*}Teams should use their professional judgement of student and intervention to set goals that will close the gap.

Teams may elect to set a goal based off ROI

ROI x # of weeks + baseline score = Goal

Early Math Progress Monitoring Guide for students with baseline scores below 10th percentile on Level 1 Automaticity

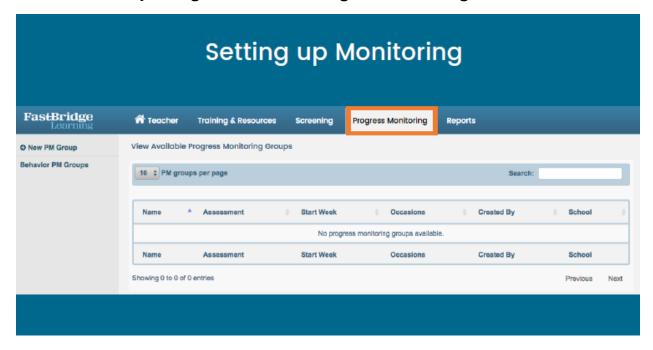
Select Measure: teams should use initial benchmark scores, knowledge of intervention and professional judgement to select which measure within the recommended sequence will be most appropriate for that student.

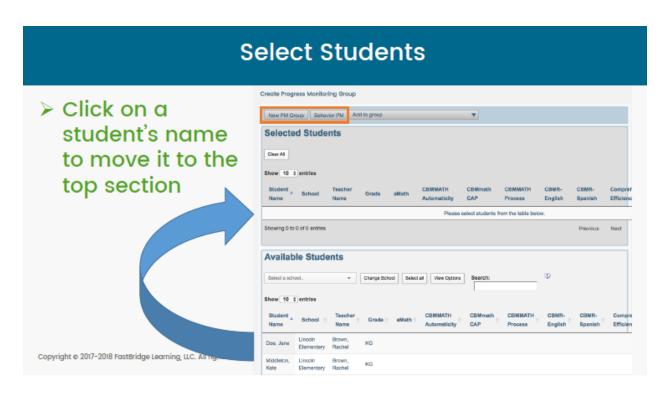
Number ID → Decomposing → Automaticity

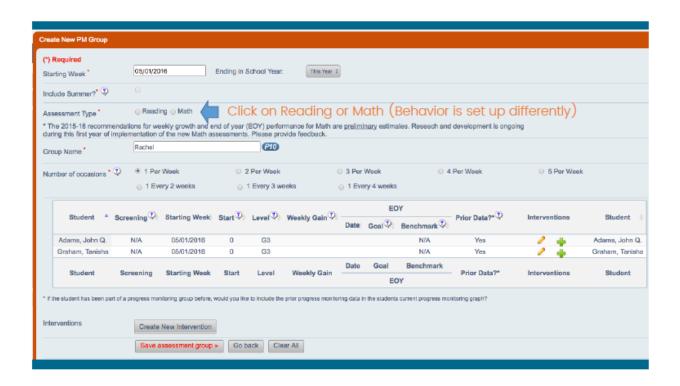
Set a goal: Short term goals (6-10 weeks) with an ambitious ROI (1.5/week or higher) are recommended.

*Other measures are available and may be used as needed determined by student and intervention data.

How to Set-Up Progress Monitoring in FastBridge



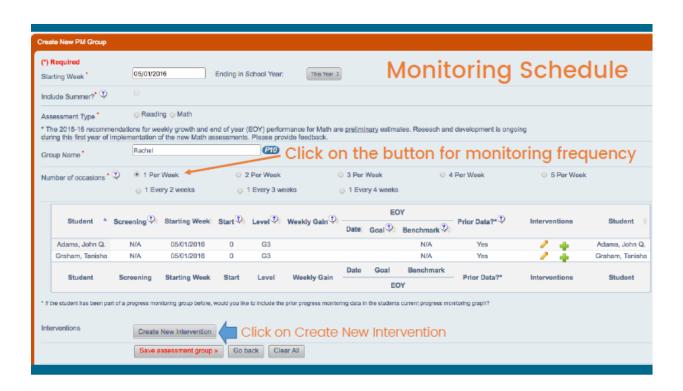


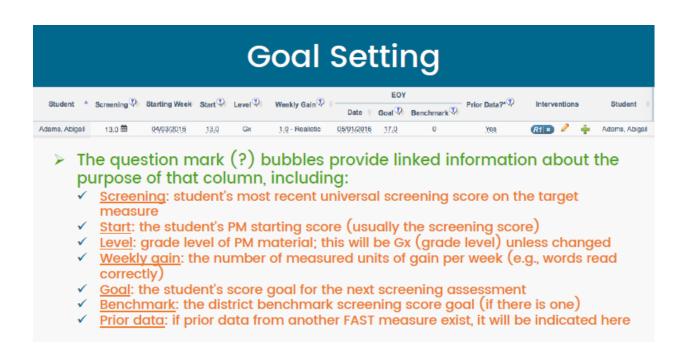


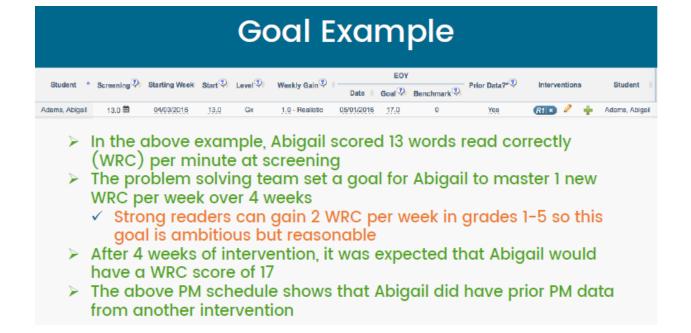
Possible Reading Progress Measures

Spanish	AUTOReading	AUTOReading Skills
○ CBMR-Spanish	 Letter Names 	 Letter Names
 Letter Names Spanish 	 Letter Sounds 	 Letter Sounds
 Letter Sounds Spanish 	 Matching Synonyms 	 Vocabulary
 Sight Words Spanish 	 Vocabulary 	 Decoding
Onset Sounds Spanish	 Decoding 	Encoding
O Decodable Real Words Spanish	Encoding	 Identification
 Syllable Reading Spanish 	 Identification 	
 Word Blending Spanish 	 Morphology 	
 Word Segmenting Spanish 		
	CBMR-Spanish Letter Names Spanish Letter Sounds Spanish Sight Words Spanish Onset Sounds Spanish Decodable Real Words Spanish Syllable Reading Spanish Word Blending Spanish	CBMR-Spanish Letter Names Letter Names Spanish Letter Sounds Letter Sounds Spanish Matching Synonyms Sight Words Spanish Vocabulary Onset Sounds Spanish Decoding Decodable Real Words Spanish Encoding Syllable Reading Spanish Identification Word Blending Spanish Morphology

Possible Math Progress Measures > Be sure to select the right grade level Assessment Type * * The 2015-16 recommendations for weekly growth and end of year (EOY) performance for Math are <u>preliminary</u> estimates. Reseach and development is ongoing during this first year of implementation of the new Math assessments. Please provide feedback. Grade: THREE \$ Assessment * aMath Automaticity Process aMath PM Multiply to 12 3x2 and 3x3 Add to 1000 2x1 Divide from 100 Multiply and Divide O Add, Subs, Multiply and Divide PII Rachel Group Name > Give the group a name



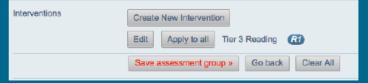




In	tervention Details	
Create New Intervention (**Table 1.5**)		
Name: * Type: *	Start date: *	
Create And Apply To A		

Save Group

 After you create the group and set goals, you will return to the detail page



- Click on Save assessment group and then Go Back
- You will return to the Progress Monitoring page

Conducting Progress Monitoring

• Click on the clock icon to start the assessment



Quick Guide and Links to Franklin Pierce Decision-Making Rules

(Franklin Pierce MTSS-A Guidelines)

- Review of core instruction is necessary when less than 80% of all students are meeting learning targets.
- Students not making adequate progress are provided targeted evidence-based interventions based upon screening results using a triage approach.
- Small group or individual instruction changes:
 - Progress Monitoring data are below the goal line on 4 consecutive data points or at least 9 data points produce a flat or decreasing trend line, school staff should change or intensify the intervention.
- Tier 3 instruction begins when a student fails to progress after two Tier 2 interventions/programs, or when data indicates significant need.

Decision Making Rules

Two questions to guide decisions based on student data:

- 1. What is the student's goal?
- 2. How well is the student making progress toward his/her goal (4 Point Rule)?

	Should an instructional program be modified?	Should an instructional program change be made entirely?	Should there be no instructional program change?	Should there be a less intensive instructional program?
Progress Monitoring	Student's trend line or last 4 consecutive data points are below the goal line for the past 6 weeks.	Student's trend line or last 4 consecutive data points are below the goal line for the past 6 weeks, and when the student was checked 6 weeks prior	Student's trend line or last 4 consecutive data points are even with the goal line.	Student's trend line or last 4 consecutive data points are above the goal line. If appropriate, consider increasing the goal before moving to less intensive tier.
Classroom/In-Program Data	Classroom work samples and assessment data indicate that the student is making progress, but not at the expected rate.	Classroom work samples and assessment data indicate that the student is not making progress in the current instructional tier, even after a change has been made.	Classroom work samples and assessment data indicate that the student is making adequate or expected progress.	Classroom work samples and assessment data indicate that the student is making progress above their goal; therefore, the student no longer needs the current intervention and the goal needs to be increased.

ICEL/RIOT Problem-Solving Protocol

I. Instruction: Instruction is how curriculum is taught. This includes instructional decision-making regarding materials and curriculum level. Progress monitoring and the ability to control success rate are also included. Examples of other instructional variables include giving clear directions, communicating expectations and criteria for success, direct instruction with explanations and cues, sequencing lesson designs to promote success and offering a variety of activities and experiences for practice and application. Once an appropriate curriculum is implemented, instruction should be examined for effectiveness starting with the whole group. This can be determined by asking the following questions:

- Have the research-based practices been shown to increase student performance?
- Have effective practices have been implemented with fidelity in ways that students will benefit?
- Do materials have documented efficacy?
- Has a sufficient amount of instructional time been allotted for curriculum implementation?
- Is instruction tailored to meet students' current levels of knowledge? Is instruction organized so that pre-requisite skills are taught sequentially?

II. Curriculum:

Curriculum refers to what is taught. This includes the long-range direction, intent, and stated outcomes of the course of study. It also includes the content arrangement, and pace of steps leading to the outcomes. Before instruction can be aligned with student needs, an appropriate curriculum that has been carefully selected should be in place. To assure curriculum alignment you need to:

- Make sure that the curriculum is aligned and matches appropriate state and district standards and benchmarks.
- Be certain that core components are introduced and reinforced at appropriate levels within the curriculum.

See that the curriculum is taught consistently and explicitly in all classrooms.

- **III. Environment:** The environment is where the instruction takes place. This includes all aspects of the classroom setting such as physical arrangement, rules, management plans, routines, and expectations. It may also include out of class variables such as peer and family influence, and job pressure for students at the secondary level. Environmental considerations cover a wide range of factors. The setting, routines and rules should be closely scrutinized. This includes:
 - Making sure that the physical environment (seating arrangement, lighting and noise level) are appropriate; and
 - Determining if routines and behavior management plans are conducive to learning.

IV. Learner: The learner is who is being taught. The most important learner variable is his or her current knowledge, sometimes referred to as 'prior knowledge' of the task that they need to learn. This is the last point to consider when planning interventions. Before the student's skills and motivation are called into question, it should be confirmed that the curriculum and instruction are appropriate and the environment positive. Interventions in the student learner domain are not likely to be successful if problems in the other domains are not adequately addressed. Fixed, or unalterable, traits such as a student's "ability," race, gender, or family history are the last domain to consider when planning interventions.

V. Review/Interview/Observation/Test (RIOT)

The Franklin Pierce School District encourages the requirement to collect additional information and assessment data be addressed through what is commonly called the **RIOT** (Review, Interview, Observation, and Test) process, which is typically an integral part of the early intervening period.

Below are examples of data sources and evaluation tools in each of these four categories that might be included in a full and individual evaluation. The collection of this information and data may occur during the MTSS/RTI process and/or after the special education evaluation period begins.

- Review: Student work samples, grades, office referrals, etc.
- Interviews: Of teachers, parents, counselors, the student, and others involved in the student's education.
- Observation: Of the student in specific, relevant settings and of the learning environment.
- Testing: Universal screening, CBMs (depending on tier), classroom tests, district-wide and state tests, functional behavior assessments, etc.

Please refer to website for full decision making guidelines http://fpschools.org/departments/learning_support_services/m_t_s_s_resources/franklin_pierce_m_t_s_s_guidelines/

MTSS Terminology

Universal Screening/Benchmarking: the process of administering brief measures (probes) to ALL students in a grade at the beginning, middle and end of the school year. The same or parallel probes are used at each administration and the measures are always at the students' grade-placement level. (Introductory guide). Purpose: to identify students that may be at risk in reading/math, and in need of additional support.

Tier 1 (Benchmark): Students who should be able to access general education instruction based on universal screening results. 26th percentile and above for screening purposes. (~80% of students)

Tier 2 (Strategic): Students who may be at-risk, and in need of additional support beyond, or in order to access general education instruction, based on universal screening results. 11th – 25th percentiles. This may be through differentiation or small group instruction. (~15% of students)

Tier 3 (Intensive): Students who may need intensive and/or more individualized instruction. 10th percentile and below. Small group/individualized instruction, likely core replacement. (~5% of students)

Progress Monitoring: More frequent administration of probes parallel to those used during universal screening. Purpose: to determine the effectiveness of the intervention put in place. Typically, this is done weekly for Tier 3 students and bi-weekly for Tier 2 students. Tier 1 students do not need to be progress monitored. See PM memo for procedures including goal setting.

Goal: the score you want the student to reach, by a particular goal date.

Trendline: Is a good indicator of whether or not a student is on track to reaching his/her goal. This will be calculated in FastBridge after at least three progress monitoring scores have been entered.

Rate of Improvement (ROI): This is the student's rate of change, expressed in terms of the average number of score points gained per week. For example, a ROI of 0.8 on RCBM would mean that the student is increasing by an average of 0.8 words read correctly, per week based on existing progress monitoring scores.

Benchmark/Criterion Referenced: comparison of a student's score with designated scores that indicate a good likelihood of academic success.

Norm Referenced: comparison of a student's score with the scores of other students in a local or national reference group of students in the same grade tested on the same measure, at the same time of year. Typically, this is what we will use to determine tiers.

Cut Scores: indicate the break points between the tiers. Typically, in Franklin Pierce they are as follows: Tier 1=26 th percentile and above, Tier 2=11-25th percentiles, Tier 3=10th percentile and below, norm referenced.

Lesson Gains: running record of intervention group including lessons taught, student/teacher absences, time in program, pace, group size and student/instructor movement.

General Outcome Measure (GOM): Unlike mastery measures, assessments that include a wide range of skills likely to be taught over the course of the year. GOMs are used to screen and measure general reading or math progress over time. Examples include CBM-Reading, CBM-Reading Comprehension, Early Reading Composite, CBM-Math CAP, Automaticity, Early Math.

Fastbridge Assessments Key: Progress Monitoring Not Available

Test Name	Screening	Progress Monitoring	Expected ROI	Test Description	Score Reporting
Concepts of Print	K (Fall)			Assesses a student's general understanding of how print is used so other reading skills can emerge. Students who have mastered it should be able to complete basic tasks such as proper page orientation, accurate print tracking, and locating the beginning and ending of sentences.	Total number correct items out of 12 as well as the accuracy percentage.
Nonsense Words	K (Spring) 1st	1st, as needed	.75	This measure assesses whether students can recognize letter-sound correspondences and blend them fluently. It assesses whether students can decode strings of letters and read them fluently while controlling for potential familiarity that students may have when decoding real words.	Total number correct per minute
Letter Names	K (Fall)	K, as needed	1.7	The subtest assesses student's ability and automaticity naming uppercase and lowercase letters in isolation.	Total correct letter names in one minute
Letter Sounds	K	K, as needed	1.5	The subtest assesses student's ability and automaticity saying the sounds of lower-case letters in isolation.	Total correct letter sounds in one minute
Onset Sounds	K (Fall/ Winter)	K, as needed	.75	The subtest assesses a student's phonemic awareness, which is generally defined as the ability to identify and manipulate the smallest units of sound in spoken language. During the Onset Sound subtest, examiners ask the student to identify the first sound in a pictured word.	Items correct per minute
Sentence Reading	1st			The subtest assesses student's reading rate and accuracy.	Words read correctly in one minute
Sight Words 50 Sight Words 150	K (50-Spring) 1st (150)	150 only: 1st, as needed	2	The subtest assesses a student's ability to recognize 50 (kindergarten) or 150 (1st grade) of the most 'high-frequency' words.	Total correct sight words read in one minute
Word Segmenting	K (Spring) 1st	K - 1st, as needed	K: 1.56 1st: .34	The subtest assesses student's ability to separate a spoken word into individual sounds.	Total items correct per minute
CBM-Reading	1st – 8th	1st – 8th, as needed	1.5	The subtest allows to screen and monitor student reading progress. A teacher listens to a student read aloud from a grade-level passage for 1 minute while recording student errors.	Words read correctly per minute
CBM- Comprehension		1st – 8th, as needed		Measure of student's comprehension of a passage that was just read (RCBM) by using story retell and a series of 10 questions about the passage.	Number correct, displayed below CBMR fluency rate. R: Recall; Q: Questions
Match Quantity	K (Fall)	K, as needed	.29	The subtest assesses a student's ability to correctly identify the symbol/numeral that represents a given quantity.	Number of items correct per minute

Number Sequence (NS) K and 1st	K - 1st (Fall)	NS-K only, as needed	.29	The subtest assesses the student's understanding of the mental number line.	Number of items correct
Number Identification	K - 1st (Fall)	K - 1st, as needed	K: 1.05 1st: .79	The subtest assesses a student's ability to correctly identify the name of the symbol that represents a number.	Number of items correct
Decomposing (DC) K and 1st	K - 1st	DC-1st only, as needed	.29	The subtest assesses the student's ability to put together and take apart numbers by using 'parts' and a 'whole'.	Number of items correct
CBM-Math Automaticity	1st -3rd only	1st - 3rd, as needed	.6	It is a timed computer-based assessment of math fact mastery. It measures a student's automaticity with basic math facts (addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division) with both single-skill and mixed skill (i.e., General Outcome Measure or GOM) matched to the math skills typically taught in grades 1 through 3. Note that the assessment is timed at 4 minutes and prorated to a match a 10-minute interval.	The number answered correctly per 10 minutes.
CBM-Math CAP	2nd – 8th	2nd – 8th, as needed	.1	A timed computer-based assessment of applied and multi-step mathematics skills. It consists of math problems aligned with the Common Core State Standards. Assessment times vary (15-30 minutes) by grade level. Note that the actual test may take more or less than 10 minutes, but the score will be prorated to match a 10-minute interval.	The number of problems that a student got correct in 10 minutes.

Goal Setting Reminder:

To calculate a more meaningful, sensitive goal use the Rate of Improvement (ROI) and follow the steps below:

ROI X Number of weeks in IEP + Baseline Score = Goal (Academic Year=36 weeks)

			BM-Read I reading fl			rogress Mor ONLY as ne		_	BM-MA			CBM-MATH CAP		
					CBM - COMPREHENSION Recall / Question									
	Percentile	Fall	Winter	Spring	Fall	Winter	Spring	Fall	Winter	Spring	Fall	Winter	Spring	
First	50%	20	48	76	3/6	4/6	6/7	13	35	45				
	25%	9	24	45	0/4	2/4	3/5	5	20	28				
	10%	4	12	22	0/1	1/3	2/3	0	10	15				
Second	50%	66	93	112	4/5	7/9	7/8	15	30	38	6	8	9	
	25%	36	66	83	3/3	4/7	5/6	8	18	23	4	6	7	
	10%	15	33	53	1/2	3 / 4	3/5	3	8	12	3	5	5	
Third	50%	97	120	134	6/8	7/8	7/8	10	28	33	5	7	9	
	25%	68	93	106	4/7	5/7	5/7	5	18	20	4	5	7	
	10%	37	59	75	2/4	3/5	3/6	3	8	10	3	4	5	
Fourth	50%	125	142	156	7/7	10/9	10/9				3	4	6	
	25%	98	116	130	5/5	7/8	8/8				2	3	4	
	10%	73	90	102	3/3	4/6	5/6				1	2	2	
Fifth	50%	142	158	172	7/8	9/9	9/9				4	4	5	
	25%	115	130	144	5/6	6/8	7/8				3	3	4	
	10%	89	104	115	3/4	5/6	5/7				2	2	3	

		_	M-READ leading F	_	CBM -	ogress Moni ONLY as nee COMPREH ecall / Ques	eded IENSION	C	CAP	TH
	Percentile	Fall	Winter	Spring	Fall	Winter	Spring	Fall	Winter	Spring
Sixth	50%	155	168	180	9/8	9/8	10/9	4	5	6
	25%	125	141	154	7/7	7 / 7	8 / 8	3	4	4
	10%	96	110	122	4/5	5/6	5/7	2	2	3
Seventh	50%	176	185	198	6/8	8/8	10/9	4	4	5
	25%	147	157	168	4/7	5/7	7 / 8	2	3	3
	10%	123	130	137	3/6	3/6	5/6	2	2	2
Eighth	50%	165	170	188	9/9	9/8	7/9	3	4	4
	25%	138	143	161	7/8	6/7	5/8	2	3	3
	10%	111	110	135	5/8	3 / 4	4/7	2	2	2
DUAL LA	NGUAGE R	READING	G							
		СВ	M-READ	ING						
	Percentile	Fall	Winter	Spring						
First	50%		47	75						
	25%		26	62						
	10%		12	44						
Second	50%	57	80	91						
	25%	41	62	76						
	10%	30	48	65						

			RLY REASOMPOS	_	CC	CONCEPTS OF PRINT			SET SO	JNDS	LETTER NAMES		
	Percentile	Fall	Winter	Spring	Fall	Winter	Spring	Fall	Winter	Spring	Fall	Winter	Spring
Kinder	50%	34	52	66	8	11		13	16	16	20	44	53
	25%	30	46	59	6	10		8	14	16	6	34	42
	10%	27	39	53	4	8		4	11	16	1	25	33
		LET	TER SO	UNDS		WORD			IONSEN	SE	SIGI	HT WOR	DS 50
					SEGMENTING			WORDS	3				
Kinder	50%	5	29	45	7	27	30		8	14		11	18
	25%	1	20	33	0	17	27		4	9		6	7
	10%	0	9	22	0	7	19		1	4		3	2
		EAF	RLY REA	ADING		WORD		1	IONSEN	SE	SIGH	IT WOR	OS 150
		C	OMPOS	ITE	SI	EGMENT	ING		WORDS	3			
	Percentile	Fall	Winter	Spring	Fall	Winter	Spring	Fall	Winter	Spring	Fall	Winter	Spring
First	50%	37	58	72	30	32	33	12	19	25	25	55	71
	25%	28	43	54	26	29	30	7	13	17	8	34	53
	10%	24	31	37	19	26	27	3	9	11	3	12	30
		5	SENTEN	CE									
		READING											
First	50%	15											
	25%	8											
	10%	3											

		_	EARLY I		ID	NUMB ENTIFIC		MA	TCH QUA	NTITY		NUMBER SEQUENCE		
	Percentile	Fall	Winter	Spring	Fall	Winter	Spring	Fall	Winter	Spring	Fall	Winter	Spring	
Kinder	50%	33	54	70	13	25	36	8	12	13	5	8	10	
	25%	24	42	56	8	17	26	6	9	11	2	6	8	
	10%	14	31	44	3	12	18	3	8	9	0	4	6	
		D	ECOMP	OSING										
Kinder	50%	5												
	25%	4	3	5										
	10%	2	1	3										
			EARLY I	MATH		NUMBER			NUMBE	R	DECOMPOSING			
			COMPO	SITE	IDENTIFICATION				SEQUEN	CE				
	Percentile	Fall	Winter	Spring	Fall	Winter	Spring	Fall	Winter	Spring	Fall	Winter	Spring	
First	50%	38	57	65	29	40	44	6	10	12	4	8	9	
	25%	15	39	51	21	35	39	3	6	9	2	5	7	
	10%	0	23	33	14	31	35	2	4	7	0	2	4	
		P	PLACE V	ALUE	ST	ORY PRO	BLEMS							
	Percentile	Fall	Win	er Spring	Fal	l Winte	r Spring							
First	50%		3	5		5	5							
	25%		2	4		4	4							
	10%		2	2		3	2							

			DUAL L	ANGUA	GE RI	EADING	SCREE	NING	MEASU	RES				
		EAF	RLY REA	DING	CC	NCEPT	S OF	ON	SET SO	UNDS	LETTER SOUNDS			
		C	OMPOS	ITE		PRINT	•							
	Percentile	Fall	Winter	Spring	Fall	Winter	Spring	Fall	Winter	Spring	Fall	Winter	Spring	
Kinder	50%	38	49	70	9			11	14	16	11	25	35	
	25%	35	46	65	7			8	11	15	6	19	26	
	10%	33	42	59	4			4	8	13	3	14	19	
		5	SYLLAB	LE	WORD			SIG	HT WOR	DS 50				
			READIN	G	SEGMENTING									
Kinder	50%	2	14	26	5	20	32		11	21				
	25%	0	7	17	2	10	26		6	9				
	10%	0	2	10	1	5	18		3	4				
		EAF	RLY REA	DING	WORD			SIGH	IT WORI	OS 150	,	SYLLABLE		
		C	OMPOS	ITE	SI	EGMENT	ING					READIN	IG	
	Percentile	Fall	Winter	Spring	Fall	Winter	Spring	Fall	Winter	Spring	Fall	Winter	Spring	
First	50%	33	43	55	31	30	34	18	49	67	24	45	63	
	25%	28	38	47	26	23	30	8	27	58	14	35	51	
	10%	25	33	41	22	16	28	4	12	46	9	23	42	
		5	SENTEN	CE										
		READING												
First	50%	19												
	25%	9												
	10%	5												